



Baroda Lions Club Education Trust

Grade 6 Social Science Question Bank

Technical Blueprint:

Remember[R], Understand[U], Apply[Ap], Analyse[An], Evaluate[E], Create[C]

Section A: Objective Assessment (MCQs)

1. The word 'Map' is derived from the Latin word "Mappa Mundi", which means: **R**

- a) Global sphere
- b) Piece of cloth held in hand**
- c) Drawing on paper
- d) Metal engraving

2. Which organization in Dehradun certifies maps and gives permission for their use? **R**

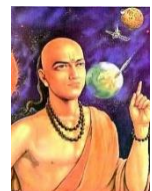
- a) NATMO
- b) NRSA
- c) Survey of India**
- d) ISRO

3. The title 'Maharajadhiraj' was first assumed by which Gupta ruler? **R**

- a) Srigupta
- b) Chandragupta I**
- c) Samudragupta
- d) Skandgupta

4. Who discovered "Zero" and the "Decimal System" during the Gupta Age? **R**

- a) Aryabhatta**
- b) Varahmihir
- c) Vagbhatt
- d) Kalidas



5. The Grand Trunk Road (GTR) originally connected Tamralipti with: **R**

- a) Ujjain
- b) Takshashila**
- c) Pataliputra
- d) Kandhar

6. Which color is used to represent "Agriculture" on a map? **R**

- a) Brown
- b) Black
- c) Yellow
- d) Green**

7. "Ishaanya" is the intermediate direction located between: **R**

- a) North and East**
- b) South and East
- c) North and West
- d) South and West

8. The first brick temples of India were built during which period? **R**

- a) Mauryan
- b) Stone Age
- c) Gupta Age**
- d) Harshvardhan Era

9. Who was the author of the book 'Indica'? **R**

- a) Chanakya
- b) Megasthenes**
- c) Hiuen Tsang
- d) Fahien

10. Which river is known for the Battle between Harshvardhan and Pulkeshi II? **R**

- a) Ganga
- b) Tapi
- c) Narmada**
- d) Krishna

11. What is the national animal of India? **R**

- a) Asiatic Lion
- b) Tiger**
- c) One-horned Rhino
- d) Elephant

12. Which clothing part was worn on the upper body in ancient India? **R**

- a) Nivi
- b) Vaas**
- c) Adhivaas
- d) Dhoti

13. Which forest type is known as the "Autumn Forest"? **R**

- a) Tropical Rain Forest
- b) Tropical Deciduous Forest**
- c) Mangrove Forest
- d) Montane Forest

14. The head of the village in the Mauryan administration was called: **R**

- a) Rajuk
- b) Gop
- c) Gramani**
- d) Sitadhyksh

15. Which Chinese traveler visited India during the time of Harshvardhan? **R**

- a) Megasthenes
- b) Fahien
- c) Hiuen Tsang**
- d) Ptolemy



16. The script from which most modern Indian scripts developed is: **R**

- a) Prakrit
- b) Pali
- c) Brahmi**
- d) Sanskrit

17. If you are facing the rising sun, which direction is behind you? **Ap**

- a) North
- b) South
- c) West**
- d) East

18. If a map scale is 1 cm : 100 km, what is the ground distance for 4.5 cm? **Ap**

- a) 45 km
- b) 450 km**
- c) 4500 km
- d) 104.5 km

19. Identify the color used for "Water-bodies" on a map: **U**

- a) Green
- b) Blue**
- c) Brown
- d) Black

20. A student wants to see Asiatic Lions. Which forest should they visit?



Ap

- a) Nalsarovar
- b) Gir Forest**
- c) Velavadar
- d) Kaziranga

Section B: Short Answer Questions

21. Why is a map considered more useful than a globe for studying a specific village? U

22. List the various historical achievements that led the Gupta Age to be called the 'Golden Age of India'. R

23. Identify and describe the basic properties of a Magnetic Compass needle. R



24. How did the Battle of Kalinga change the heart of Emperor Ashoka? U

25. Differentiate between "Physical Map" and "Cultural Map" with one example each. U

26. Why is the monsoon season critical for Indian agriculture? U

27. Mention any three environmental benefits provided by forests. U

28. Name the important scientific texts written by Aryabhata and Varahmihir during the Gupta Age. R

29. Define "Conventional Signs" and state why they are internationally accepted. R

30. Explain how distance is calculated using a thread and scale on a map. Ap

31. Define the term "Unity in Diversity" as used by Jawaharlal Nehru. R

32. Why do landless laborers like Madhuba have to migrate when there is no rain? An

33. Evaluate the impact of sea pollution on the livelihood of fishing communities. E

34. Design a new symbol for a "Charging Station" to be used on cultural maps. C

35. Explain how the Himalayas guard our northern boundaries. U

Section C: Long Answer & Map Applications

36. Describe the Mauryan administrative system at Central, Provincial, and Regional levels. **U**

37. Explain the five types of forests in India. Highlight the importance of "Cher" trees. **U**

38. Map Task: **Ap**

On an outline map of India, accurately mark: (a) Himalaya, (b) Narmada, (c) Thar Desert, (d) Kalinga, (e) Gir Forest.

39. Analyze why landless laborers are trapped in a cycle of debt. Mention the case of Madhuba. **An**

40. Discuss the "Silk Route" and its contribution to India's ancient prosperity. **Ap**

41. Analyze why the Gupta Age is known for the development of temple architecture. **An**

42. "Winning people through Dhamma is better than war." Justify this based on Ashoka's message. **Ap**

"Education is the most powerful weapon which you can use to change the world."

— Nelson Mandela

THE END

BARODA LIONS CLUB EDUCATION TRUST
DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

Project Coordinator- Mrs. Shweta Vaidya
University Mentor/ Head of Department – Prof. Amit Dholakia
In Charge – Dr. Deepti Acharya
Interns – Shah Mahavir & Dhaval Jadav

Appendix I: Bloom's Weightage Breakdown

Category	Code	Target %	Question Distribution	Total Marks
Remembering	[R]	30-35%	16 (MCQ) + 5 (Short)	31 Marks (31%)
Understanding	[U]	30-35%	1 (MCQ) + 6 (Short) + 2 (Long)	29 Marks (29%)
Applying	[Ap]	20%	3 (MCQ) + 1 (Short) + 3 (Long)	21 Marks (21%)
Analyzing	[An]	10%	1 (Short) + 2 (Long)	13 Marks (13%)
Evaluating	[E]	3-5%	1 (Short)	3 Marks (3%)
Creating	[C]	2-3%	1 (Short)	3 Marks (3%)
TOTAL				100 Marks